

**IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF ILLINOIS
EASTERN DIVISION**

WUMEI LIN,
Plaintiff,

v.

HONG KONG XUNLING LIMITED D/B/A
HTSRTE,

Defendant.

Case No. 25 C 12455

Hon. LaShonda A. Hunt

DEFAULT FINAL JUDGMENT ORDER

This action having been commenced by Plaintiff Wumei Lin against Defendant HONG KONG XUNLING LIMITED D/B/A HTSRTE, and using the Defendant Domain Name and Online Marketplace Account identified on Exhibit 2 of Plaintiff's First Amended Complaint (Dkt. 13-2) ("Defendant Internet Store), and Plaintiff having moved for entry of Default and Default Judgment against Defendant ("Defaulting Defendant");

Plaintiff having properly completed service of process on Defaulting Defendant, the combination of providing notice via electronic publication and e-mail, along with any notice that Defaulting Defendant received from third-party platforms and payment processors, being notice reasonably calculated under all circumstances to apprise Defaulting Defendant of the pendency of the action and affording it the opportunity to answer and present its objections; and

Defaulting Defendant having not answered or appeared in any way, and the time for answering having expired, so that the allegations of the Complaint are uncontroverted and are deemed admitted;

This Court finds that it has personal jurisdiction over Defaulting Defendant because Defaulting Defendant directly targets its business activities toward consumers in the United States,

including Illinois. Specifically, Plaintiff has provided a basis to conclude that Defaulting Defendant has targeted sales to Illinois residents by setting up and operating one or more e-commerce stores that target United States consumers using one or more seller aliases, offer shipping to the United States, including Illinois, accept payment in U.S. dollars and/or funds from U.S. bank accounts, and has sold products using infringing and unlicensed versions of Plaintiff's federally registered copyright VA0002412626 (the "Plaintiff Copyright") to residents of Illinois. In this case, Plaintiff has presented screenshot evidence that the Defendant e-commerce store is reaching out to do business with Illinois residents by operating one or more commercial, interactive internet stores through which Illinois residents can and do purchase products using counterfeit versions of the Plaintiff Copyright. *See* Docket No. 13-2, which includes screenshot evidence confirming that the Defendant e-commerce store does stand ready, willing and able to ship its counterfeit goods to customers in Illinois bearing infringing and/or counterfeit versions of the Plaintiff Copyright.

This Court further finds that Defaulting Defendant is liable for federal copyright infringement (17 U.S.C. § 504(c)(1)).

Accordingly, this Court orders that Plaintiff's Motion for Entry of Default and Default Judgment is GRANTED as follows, that Defaulting Defendant is deemed in default, and that this Default Judgment is entered against Defaulting Defendant.

This Court further orders that:

1. Defaulting Defendant, its officers, agents, servants, employees, attorneys, and all persons acting for, with, by, through, under, or in active concert with it be permanently enjoined and restrained from:

- a. using or displaying the Plaintiff Copyright, in any medium, whether it be print, digital or otherwise, in connection with the distribution, marketing, advertising, offering for sale, or sale of any product that is not a genuine Plaintiff product or is not authorized by Plaintiff to be sold in connection with the Plaintiff Copyright;
 - b. passing off, inducing, or enabling others to sell or pass off any product through the use or display of the Plaintiff Copyright;
 - c. committing any acts calculated to cause consumers to believe that Defaulting Defendant's products are those sold under the authorization, control, or supervision of Plaintiff, or are sponsored by, approved by, or otherwise connected with Plaintiff; and
 - d. manufacturing, shipping, delivering, holding for sale, transferring or otherwise moving, storing, distributing, returning, or otherwise disposing of, in any manner, products not authorized by Plaintiff to be sold or offered for sale through the use or display of the Plaintiff Copyright.
2. Defaulting Defendant and any third party with actual notice of this Order who is providing services for the Defaulting Defendant, or in connection with any of the Defaulting Defendant's Online Marketplaces, including, without limitation, any online marketplace platforms such as eBay, Inc., AliExpress, Alibaba Group Holding Ltd. ("Alibaba"), Amazon.com, ContextLogic, Inc. d/b/a Wish.com ("Wish.com"), and Dhgate (collectively, the "Third-Party Providers"), shall within seven (7) calendar days of receipt of this Order cease:
- a. using, linking to, transferring, selling, exercising control over, or otherwise owning the Online Marketplace Account, or any other online marketplace account that is being

- used to sell or is the means by which Defaulting Defendant could continue to sell infringing goods using the Plaintiff Copyright; and
- b. operating and/or hosting websites that are involved with the distribution, marketing, advertising, offering for sale, or sale of any product using the Plaintiff Copyright or any reproductions, counterfeit copies or colorable imitations thereof that is not a genuine Plaintiff product or not authorized by Plaintiff to be sold in connection with the Plaintiff Copyright.
3. Upon Plaintiff's request, those with notice of this Order, including the Third-Party Providers as defined in Paragraph 3, shall within seven (7) calendar days after receipt of such notice, disable and cease displaying any advertisements used by or associated with Defaulting Defendant in connection with the sale of products and infringing goods using the Plaintiff Copyright.
4. Pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 504(c)(2), Plaintiff is awarded statutory damages from the Defaulting Defendant in the amount of five-thousand dollars (\$5,000).
5. Any Third-Party Providers holding funds for Defaulting Defendant, including PayPal, Inc. ("PayPal"), Alipay, Alibaba, Wish.com, Ant Financial Services Group ("Ant Financial"), and Amazon Pay, shall, within seven (7) calendar days of receipt of this Order, permanently restrain and enjoin any accounts connected to Defaulting Defendant or the Defendant Internet Store from transferring or disposing of any funds (up to the statutory damages awarded in Paragraph 4 above) or other of Defaulting Defendant's assets.
6. All monies, if any, (up to the amount of the statutory damages awarded in Paragraph 4 above), currently or in the future, restrained in Defaulting Defendant's financial accounts, including monies held by Third-Party Providers such as Temu, PayPal, Alipay, Alibaba,

Wish.com, Ant Financial, and Amazon Pay, are hereby released to Plaintiff as partial payment of the above-identified damages, and Third-Party Providers, Temu, including PayPal, Alipay, Alibaba, Wish.com, Ant Financial, and Amazon Pay, are ordered to release to Plaintiff the amounts from Defaulting Defendant's financial accounts within fourteen (14) calendar days of receipt of this Order.

7. Until Plaintiff has recovered full payment of monies owed to it by Defaulting Defendant, Plaintiff shall have the ongoing authority to commence supplemental proceedings under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 69.
8. In the event that Plaintiff identifies any additional online marketplace accounts or financial accounts owned by Defaulting Defendant, Plaintiff may send notice of any supplemental proceeding, including a citation to discover assets, to Defaulting Defendant by e-mail at the e-mail addresses identified in Exhibit 1 to the Declaration of Katherine M. Kuhn and any e-mail addresses provided for Defaulting Defendant by third parties.

This is a Default Judgment.

DATED: January 21, 2026

ENTERED:



LASHONDA A. HUNT
United States District Judge