

**IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF FLORIDA**

**CASE NO.:**

HONG KONG LEYUZHEN TECHNOLOGY  
CO. LIMITED,

Plaintiff,

v.

THE INDIVIDUALS, CORPORATIONS,  
LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANIES,  
PARTNERSHIPS AND UNINCORPORATED  
ASSOCIATIONS IDENTIFIED IN  
SCHEDULE "A,"

Defendants.

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**COMPLAINT AND JURY DEMAND**

Plaintiff, Hong Kong Leyuzhen Technology Co. Limited, ("Plaintiff"), by and through its counsel, the Bayramoglu Law Offices, LLC, submits the following Complaint against the individuals, corporations, limited liability companies, partnerships and unincorporated associations identified on Schedule "A" hereto (collectively "Defendants") and hereby alleges as follows:

**NATURE OF THE ACTION**

1. Plaintiff is the owner of all rights, title and interest in and to the copyright registrations issued by the United States Copyright Office for certain images related to its Rotita Brand product line (the "Rotita Brand") used in connection with the promotion and sale of women's apparel, which bear the following federal registration numbers [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED]  
[REDACTED] (the “Copyright Protected Images”).

2. Plaintiff has filed this action to combat online copyright infringers who trade upon Plaintiff’s reputation, goodwill, and valuable copyrights, including the Copyright Protected Images, to sell competing products of inferior quality by representing them to be authentic Rotita Brand products through the unauthorized display of the Copyright Protected Images on their online storefronts (the “Online Stores”) maintained on the Amazon sales platform identified on Schedule “A” (the “Online Platform”). Defendants additionally offer their competing products at substantially reduced prices from the authentic Rotita Brand products offered by Plaintiff in conjunction with the Copyright Protected Images.

3. Plaintiff exclusively utilizes the Copyright Protected Images in connection with the advertising, display, and sale of its authentic Rotita Brand products on its wholly owned, operated, and controlled company website. Plaintiff does not advertise, market, display, or sell its authentic Rotita Brand products on the Online Platform.

4. Defendants likewise advertise, market, and/or sell their competing products embodying the products displayed in Plaintiff’s Copyright Protected Images by reference to the same photographs and 3-D artwork as associated with genuine Rotita Brand products, which causes further confusion and deception in the marketplace. Unique identifiers common to Defendants’ internet stores, such as design elements and similarities in Defendant’s unlawful use of the Copyright Protected Images, establish a logical relationship between them and suggest that Defendants’ illegal operations arise out of the same transaction, occurrence, or series of transactions or occurrences.

5. Defendants unlawful use of the Protected Images related to the same clothing collection indicates that the Defendants all procured the images at the same time from the same sources for use with identical or nearly identical competing products.

6. This conclusion is further supported by evidence and admissions made by similar online copyright infringers that have been the subject of numerous other enforcement actions brought by Plaintiff. This evidence and admissions include, but are not limited to, similarly situated defendants stating that they obtained Plaintiff's copyright-protected images from the same sources, that the sourcing of their competing products was secured from the same manufacturing source, and that identical supply chains were employed to fulfill consumer orders.

7. Plaintiff is forced to file this action to combat Defendants' unauthorized use of its Copyright Protected Images to sell inferior competing products, as well as to protect unknowing consumers from purchasing competing products over the Internet, thinking they are Plaintiff's products. Plaintiff has been and continues to be irreparably damaged through consumer confusion, dilution, and tarnishment of the Rotita Brand's reputation and goodwill because of Defendants' actions, and therefore the company seeks injunctive and monetary relief.

### **JURISDICTION AND VENUE**

8. This Court has original subject matter jurisdiction over the claims in this action pursuant to the provisions of the Federal Copyright Act, 17 U.S.C. § 101, et seq., 28 U.S.C. § 1338(a)–(b) and 28 U.S.C. § 1331.

9. This Court has jurisdiction over the unfair deceptive trade practices claim in this action that arise under the laws of the State of Florida pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1367(a) because the state law claims are so related to the federal claims that they form part of the same case or controversy and derive from a common nucleus of operative facts.

10. Venue is proper in this Court pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391, and this Court may properly exercise personal jurisdiction over Defendants, since each of the Defendants directly targets consumers in the United States, including those within the State of Florida, through at least the fully interactive commercial internet stores accessible through Defendants' Online Stores as identified in Schedule "A", which is attached hereto as Exhibit 2.

11. Specifically, Defendants are reaching out to do business with Florida residents by operating one or more commercial, interactive internet stores through which residents can purchase inferior products that are advertised for sale using, without authorization, Plaintiff's Copyright Protected Images. Each of the Defendants has targeted sales from Florida residents by operating online stores that offer shipping to the United States, including to the State of Florida, accept payment in United States currency, and, on information and belief, has used Plaintiff's Copyright Protected Images, without authorization, to sell competing, counterfeit products of lesser quality to residents of the State of Florida.

12. Each of the Defendants is committing tortious acts in the State of Florida, is engaging in interstate commerce, and has wrongfully caused Plaintiff substantial injury in the State of Florida. Upon information and belief, Venue is proper in this Court pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391(b)(2) and 1400(a) because Defendants have committed acts of copyright infringement in the state of Florida and do substantial business in the judicial district.

### **THE PARTIES**

13. Plaintiff is a corporation organized under the laws of the People's Republic of China ("China") and is the owner of the Copyright Protected Images asserted to have been infringed in this action by the Defendants. Attached hereto as Exhibit 1 are true and correct copies

of the federal copyright registrations issued for the Copyright Protected Images and Copyright Public Records Data.

14. Plaintiff founded its Rotita Brand in 2009, which is dedicated to women's fashion apparel and serves consumers in the United States and throughout the world.

15. Plaintiff designed, caused to subsist in material form, and first published the Copyright Protected Images on its website located at the company's designated website employing the Rotita Brand in its URL, and over the years, has worked hard to establish success and recognition for high-quality women's apparel internationally and in the United States.

16. Plaintiff has expended substantial time, money, and other resources in developing, advertising, and otherwise promoting its Rotita Brand and, specifically, the Copyright Protected Images. As a result, the Rotita Brand is widely recognized and exclusively associated by consumers, the public, and the trade as being quality products.

17. Plaintiff owns all rights, including without limitation, the rights to reproduce the Copyright Protected Images in copies, to prepare derivative works based upon the copyrighted works, and to distribute copies of the copyrighted works to the public by sale or other transfer of ownership, or by rental, lease, or lending, the protected works.

18. Plaintiff has neither licensed nor authorized Defendants to use the Copyright Protected Images and none of the Defendants are authorized retailers of Plaintiff's genuine Rotita Brand products.

19. Defendants are individuals and business entities who, reside mainly in China or Hong Kong. Defendants conduct business throughout the United States, including within the State of Florida and in this judicial district, through the operation of Defendants' Online Amazon Stores identified in Schedule "A", and have offered to sell and, on information and belief, have sold and

continues to sell counterfeit and/or knock-off Rotita Brand products, originally released by Rotita in its product line, to consumers within the United States, including in the State of Florida and in this judicial district, by displaying, without authorization, the Copyright Protected Images on their Online Amazon Stores.

20. As discovered through Plaintiff's other copyright infringement enforcement actions, Defendants infringing the Copyright Protected Images have access to these copyrighted works from the same or an interconnected source. Moreover, Defendants' counterfeit sales operations utilize the same textile manufacturing sources, which provide identical, counterfeit fabrics and patterns employed in the authentic Rotita Brand products, 2021 Fashion line, offered by Plaintiff, and use the same distribution networks to fulfill retail orders for their counterfeit and/or competing products.

21. Defendants' involvement in the same or similar transactions or occurrences is obvious from the fact that the Defendants all engaged in the same act of downloading pictures of women's clothing bottoms from the Rotita Website, having the knock-off clothing manufactured, and copying the photos to promote the knock-off clothing.

22. In addition, Defendants go to great lengths to conceal their identities and the full scope of their operations making it virtually impossible for Plaintiff to learn Defendants' true identities and the exact interworking of their network.

23. Defendants are alleged to be acting in concert through a coordinated counterfeit product sales conspiracy or network that misappropriates Plaintiff's Copyright Protected Images depicting its authentic Rotita Brand products and use them in advertising inferior, unauthorized products for sale through their Online Stores to deceive consumers into believing their purchases are from an authentic and authorized source.

24. In furtherance of their acts in concert or conspiracy, Defendants have accomplished their sale of counterfeit and/or knockoff products through the unauthorized use of Plaintiff's Copyright Protected Images by relying upon one or more common supply chain sources and/or manufacturers that provide the Defendants with textile products matching those offered by Plaintiff and that could not otherwise be physically fabricated individually by the Defendants.

25. In addition, based on admissions made in one or more other pending proceedings, Defendants are believed to have also acquired unauthorized versions of Plaintiff's Copyright Protected Images from the same, similar, or related sources associated with the distribution and/or manufacture of the counterfeit/knockoff products offered for sale to consumers as authentic, authorized versions of Plaintiff's Rotita Brand, and publishing those versions within the same frame, indicating they all were acquired from the same or similar sources.

26. Based on the foregoing, Plaintiff asserts that Defendants, and each of them, is jointly and severally liable for all claims for relief asserted herein based on information and belief that they are acting in concert or acting pursuant to a conspiracy. Moreover, given these allegations, Plaintiff asserts that all conduct set forth herein has been conducted as part of the same series of transactions involving the unauthorized acquisition of Plaintiff's Copyright Protected Images, the improper display of same on Defendants' Online Stores for the purpose of deceiving consumers about the authenticity of products being purchased, the use of common supply chains and/or manufacturers, and the procurement of Plaintiff's Copyright Protected Images, without authorization, from the same, similar, or related sources.

#### **DEFENDANTS' UNLAWFUL CONDUCT**

27. The success of Plaintiff's Rotita Brand has resulted in counterfeiting and intentional copying of the company's products, and the sale and offering for sale of said products through the

unauthorized use of the Copyright-Protected Images. Upon information and belief, Defendants conduct their illegal operations through their Online Stores maintained on the Online Platform. Each Defendant targets consumers in the United States, including in the State of Florida, and sells and offers for sale counterfeit products through the unauthorized use of the Copyright-Protected Images.

28. In similar cases involving multiple counterfeiters, defendants operating internet stores intentionally conceal their identities and the full scope of their counterfeiting operations to deter plaintiffs and Courts from learning their true identities and the full extent of their illegal counterfeiting operations.

29. In this case, through the unauthorized use of the Copyright Protected Images on their Online Stores, Defendants published the Copyright Protected Images on their storefronts, are directly and personally contributing to, inducing and engaging in the infringement of the Copyright Protected Images as alleged, often times as partners, co-conspirators and/or suppliers. Upon information and belief, Defendants are an interrelated group of counterfeiters working in active concert to knowingly and willfully use without authorization the Copyright Protected Works, to manufacture, import, distribute, offer for sale, and sell competing inferior products.

30. Upon information and belief, and at all times relevant hereto, Defendants have had full knowledge of Plaintiff's ownership of the Copyright Protected Images, including its exclusive right to use and license the Rotita Brand and the goodwill associated therewith.

31. Plaintiff has identified numerous stores on the Online Platform, including Defendants' Online Stores, which are offering for sale, selling, and importing knockoff products to consumers in this judicial district and throughout the United States by using, without authorization, the Copyright Protected Images. Infringers on e-commerce platforms such as

Defendants' Online Stores are estimated to receive tens of millions of visits per year and to generate over \$135 billion in annual online sales. According to an intellectual property rights seizures statistics report issued by the United States Department of Homeland Security, the manufacturer's suggested retail price ("MSRP") of goods seized by the U.S. government in fiscal year 2020 was over \$1.3 billion. Internet websites like Defendants' Online Stores are also estimated to contribute to tens of thousands of lost jobs for legitimate businesses and broader economic damages such as lost tax revenue every year.

32. On information and belief, Defendants set up seller accounts on the Online Platform using, without authorization, the Copyright Protected Images so that they appear to unknowing consumers to be authorized online retailers of genuine Rotita Brand products. Defendants' Online Stores accept payment in United States currency via credit cards and PayPal.

33. Based on information and belief, Defendants deceive unknowing consumers by using Plaintiff's Copyright Protected Images on Defendants' Online Stores without authorization to attract customers and sell counterfeit products resembling authentic Rotita Brand products.

34. Defendants, in similar type of counterfeit cases, deceive unknowing consumers by using the infringed intellectual property as originally used in connection with the sale of genuine products, within the content, text, and/or meta tags of their websites to attract various search engines crawling the Internet looking for websites relevant to consumer product searches. Additionally, counterfeiters in similar type cases, use other unauthorized search engine optimization ("SEO") tactics and social media spamming so that the Defendants internet store listings show up at or near the top of relevant search results and misdirect consumers searching for genuine products. Further, counterfeiters utilize similar illegitimate SEO tactics to propel new domain names to the top of search results after others are shut down.

35. Here, a search for the Rotita Brand women's bottoms on the Online Platform resulted in the unauthorized display of the Copyright Protected Images being used to promote competing, inferior products. As such, Plaintiff also seeks to disable Defendants' Online Stores that are how the Defendants display, without authorization, the Copyright Protected Images to continue to sell knockoff products to consumers in the State of Florida and in this judicial district.

36. On information and belief, Defendants conceal their identities by using multiple fictitious names and addresses to register and operate a massive network of internet stores. It is common practice for counterfeiters to register accounts with incomplete information, randomly typed letters, or omitted cities or states; use privacy services that conceal the owners' identity and contact information; and regularly create new websites and online marketplace accounts on various platforms including Defendants' Online Stores listed in Schedule "A", which is attached hereto as Exhibit "2". Such internet store registration patterns are one of many common tactics counterfeiters use to conceal their identities, the full scope and interworking of their massive counterfeiting operation, and to avoid being shut down.

37. Upon receiving notice of a lawsuit, counterfeiters in similar cases will often register new domain names or online marketplace accounts under new aliases.<sup>1</sup> Counterfeiters also typically ship products in small quantities via international mail to minimize detection by U.S. Customs and Border Protection. A 2021 U.S. Customs and Border Protection ("CBP") report on seizure statistics indicated that e-commerce sales accounted for 13.3% of total retail sales with second quarter of 2021 retail e-commerce sales estimated at \$222.5 billion.<sup>2</sup> In FY 2021, there

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<sup>1</sup> <https://www.ice.gov/news/releases/buyers-beware-ice-hsi-and-cbp-boston-warn-consumers-aboutcounterfeit-goods-during> (counterfeiters are "very adept at setting up online stores to lure the public into thinking they are purchasing legitimate good on legitimate websites") (last visited Apr. 6, 2022).

<sup>2</sup> U.S. Customs and Border Protection, Intellectual Property Right Seizure Statistics, FY 2021 (<https://www.cbp.gov/sites/default/files/assets/documents/2022-Sep/202994%20-%20FY%202021%20IPR%20Seizure%20Statistics%20BOOK.5%20-%20FINAL%20%28508%29.pdf>)

were 213 million express mail shipments and 94 million international mail shipments. *Id.* Nearly 90 percent of all intellectual property seizures occur in the international mail and express environments. *Id.* at 27. The “overwhelming volume of small packages also makes CBP’s ability to identify and interdict high risk packages difficult.” *Id.* at 23.

38. Further, counterfeiters often operate multiple credit card merchant accounts and third-party accounts behind layers of payment gateways so that they can continue operating despite enforcement efforts. Upon information and belief, Defendants maintain offshore bank accounts and regularly move funds from their Online Platform accounts to offshore bank accounts outside the jurisdiction of this Court particularly since it is believed that Defendants reside in China or Hong Kong.

39. Defendants’ unlawful use of Plaintiff’s Copyright Protected Images to promote knockoff and/or counterfeit products for sale on Defendants’ Online Stores, bear similarities and indicia of interrelatedness, suggesting they are manufactured by and come from a common source. Notable features common to Defendants’ Online Stores include lack of contact information, same or similar products for sale, identically or similarly priced items and sales discounts, shared hosting service, similar name servers, and their common infringement of Plaintiff’s Copyright Protected Images.

40. Defendants’ use of Plaintiff’s Copyright Protected Images in connection with the advertising, marketing, distribution, offering for sale and the sale of competing products of inferior quality is likely to cause and has caused confusion, mistake and deception by and among consumers and is irreparably harming the Rotita Brand. Defendants have manufactured, imported, distributed, offered for sale and sold their inferior products using the Copyright Protected Images

without authorization to do so and will continue to do so unless restrained temporarily, preliminarily, and permanently by this Court.

41. Defendants, without authorization or license from Plaintiff, knowingly and willfully used and continue to use the company's Copyright Protected Images in connection with the advertisement, offer for sale and the sale of counterfeit and/or knockoff Rotita Brand products through, *inter alia*, their Online Stores identified in Schedule "A".

42. Upon information and belief, Defendants will continue to infringe Plaintiff's Copyright Protected Images to sell inferior knockoff products unless preliminarily and permanently enjoined.

43. Defendants' unauthorized use of the Copyright Protected Images in connection with the advertising, distribution, offering for sale, and the sale of poor-quality products in the United States and specifically into the State of Florida, is likely to cause and has caused confusion, mistake, and deception by and among consumers and is irreparably harming the goodwill and intrinsic value of Plaintiff's Rotita Brand.

44. Unless enjoined, Defendants' infringing conduct will continue to cause irreparable harm to Plaintiff.

**COUNT I**  
**COPYRIGHT INFRINGEMENT (17 U.S.C. § 101, et seq.)**  
**[Against Defendants Designated in Schedule A]**

45. Plaintiff repeats, realleges, and incorporates by reference herein its allegations contained in paragraphs 1 through 45, above.

46. Plaintiff's Copyright-Protected Images have significant value and have been produced and created at considerable expense.

47. Plaintiff owns all exclusive rights, including without limitation the rights to

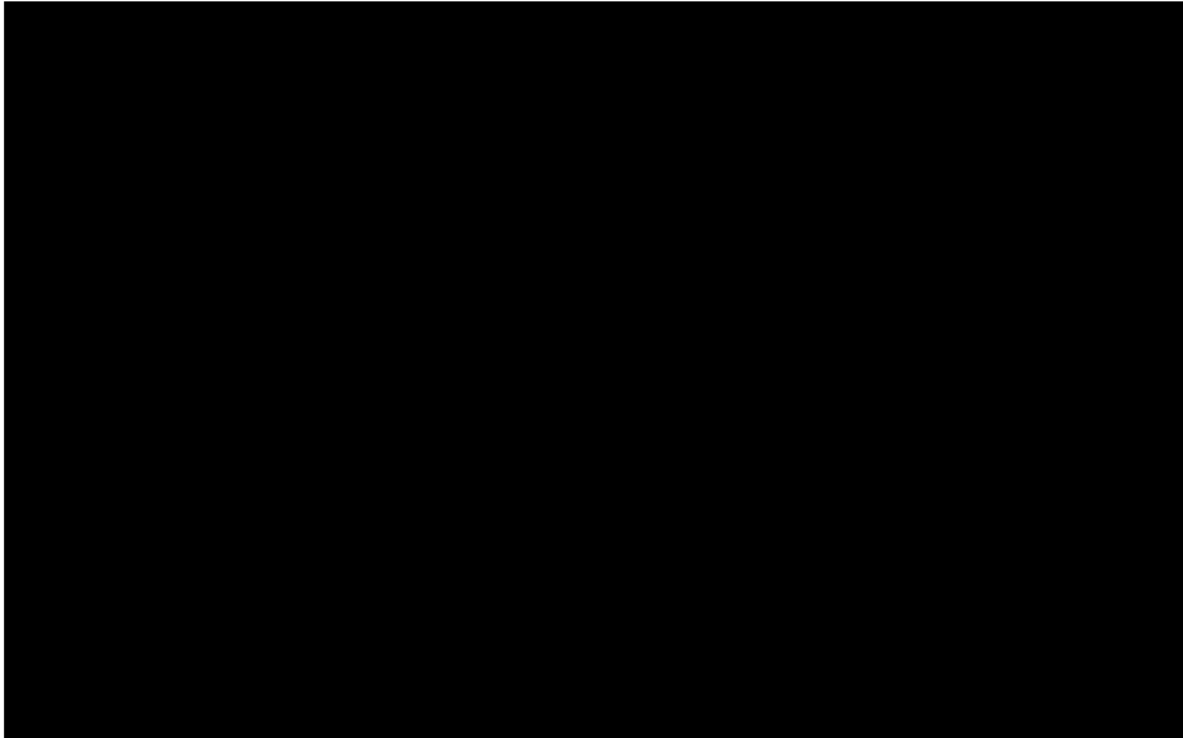
reproduce the Copyright Protected Images in copies, to prepare derivative works based upon the copyrighted work, and to distribute copies of the copyrighted work to the public by sale or other transfer of ownership, or by rental, lease, or lending, the copyright protected works.

48. Defendants have sold, offered to sell, marketed, distributed, and advertised, and are still selling, offering to sell, marketing, distributing, and advertising products using the Copyright Protected Images without Plaintiff's permission, authorization, consent, or license.

49. Upon information and belief, Defendants have directly copied the Copyright Protected Images and used them, without authorization, to advertise, promote, offer for sale, and sell competing products of low quality and at a fraction of the price.

50. As examples, Defendants deceive unknowing consumers by using, without authorization, the Copyright-Protected Images on Defendants' Online Stores to attract customers as follows:

Exemplary of Counterfeit Products sold on Defendants' Online Stores Released to the Public



51. Defendants' unauthorized exploitation of Copyright Protected Images to advertise, offer for sale and sell inferior products on Defendants' Online Stores constitutes copyright infringement.

52. On information and belief, Defendants' infringing acts were willful, deliberate, and committed with prior notice and knowledge of the Copyright Protected Images.

53. Each Defendant either knew, or should have reasonably known, that the Copyright Protected Images are subject to federal copyright protection. Further, each Defendant continues to infringe upon Plaintiff's rights in and to the Copyright Protected Images.

54. As a direct and proximate result of their unauthorized and infringing conduct, Defendants have obtained and continue to realize direct and indirect profits and other benefits rightfully belonging to Plaintiff, and that Defendants would not otherwise have realized but for their infringement of Plaintiff's Copyright Protected Images.

55. The foregoing acts of infringement constitute a collective enterprise of shared, conspiratorial, overlapping acts done in concert, and facts that have been willful, intentional, and in disregard of and with indifference to the rights of the Plaintiff. Accordingly, Defendants, and each of them, should be found jointly and severally liable.

56. Accordingly, Plaintiff seek an award of damages pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 504.

57. In addition to actual damages, Plaintiff is entitled to receive the profits made by Defendants from their wrongful acts, pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 504(b). Each Defendant should be required to account for all gains, profits, and advantages derived by each Defendant from their acts of infringement.

58. In the alternative, Plaintiff is entitled to, and may elect to choose statutory damages under 17 U.S.C. § 504(c), which should be enhanced by 17 U.S.C. § 504(c)(2) because of Defendants' willful copyright infringement.

59. Plaintiff is entitled to, and may elect injunctive relief under 17 U.S.C. § 502, enjoining any use or exploitation by Defendants of their infringing work and for an order under 17 U.S.C. § 503 that any of Defendants' infringing products be impounded and destroyed.

60. Plaintiff seeks and is also entitled to recover reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of suit pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 505.

61. Plaintiff has no adequate remedy at law, and, if Defendants' actions are not enjoined, Plaintiff will continue to suffer irreparable harm to the reputation and goodwill of their well-known Rotita Brand.

62. The conduct of each Defendant is causing and, unless enjoined and restrained by this Court, will continue to cause Plaintiff great and irreparable injury that cannot fully be compensated or measured monetarily. As such, Plaintiff has no adequate remedy at law. Pursuant to 17 U.S.C. §§502 and 503, Plaintiff is entitled to injunctive relief prohibiting each Defendant from further infringing the Copyright Protected Images and ordering that each Defendant destroy all unauthorized copies. Defendants' copies, plates, and other embodiments of the copyrighted works from which copies can be reproduced, if any, should be impounded and forfeited to Plaintiff as instruments of infringement, and all infringing copies created by Defendants should be impounded and forfeited to Plaintiff, under 17 U.S.C §503.

**COUNT II**  
**VIOLATION OF FLORIDA DECEPTIVE AND UNFAIR TRADE PRACTICES ACT**  
**(Fla. Stat. § 501.201)**  
**[Against Defendants Designated in Schedule A]**

63. Plaintiff repeats, realleges and incorporates by reference herein its allegations contained in paragraphs 1 through 45, above.

64. Defendants have engaged in acts violating Florida law including, but not limited to, passing off their knockoff products as those of Plaintiff's Rotita Brand products through the unauthorized use of the Copyright Protected Images, thereby causing a likelihood of confusion and/or misunderstanding as to the source of their goods, causing a likelihood of confusion and/or misunderstanding as to an affiliation, connection, or association with genuine Rotita Brand products, falsely representing that their products have Plaintiff's approval when they do not, and engaging in other conduct which creates a likelihood of confusion or misunderstanding among the public.

65. Moreover, Defendants have used, without authorization, Plaintiff's Copyright-Protected Images in promoting Defendants' Online Stores by displaying them in connection with offering for sale knockoff and/or inferior products by deceiving consumers into believing said products are authentic Rotita Brand products.

66. The foregoing acts of Defendants constitute a willful violation of the Florida Deceptive and Unfair Trade Practices Act, Fla. Stat. § 501.201, et seq.

67. Plaintiff is entitled to the recovery of damages, attorneys' fees, and costs as authorized by statute.

68. Plaintiff has no adequate remedy at law, and Defendants' conduct has caused Plaintiff to suffer damage to its Rotita Brand's reputation and goodwill. Unless enjoined by the

Court, Plaintiff will continue to suffer future irreparable harm as a direct result of Defendants' unlawful activities.

### **PRAYER FOR RELIEF**

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff prays for judgment against Defendants and each of them as follows:

1. That Defendants, their affiliates, officers, agents, servants, employees, attorneys, confederates, and all persons acting for, with, by, through, under, or in active concert with them be temporarily, preliminarily, and permanently enjoined and restrained from:

a. using Plaintiff's Copyright Protected Images or any reproductions, counterfeit copies, or colorable imitations thereof in any manner in connection with the distribution, marketing, advertising, offering for sale, or sale of any product that is not a genuine Rotita Brand product or is not authorized by Plaintiff to be sold in connection with its registered copyrights;

b. passing off, inducing, or enabling others to sell or pass off any product as a genuine Rotita Brand product or any other product produced by Plaintiff by using the Copyright Protected Images to sell and offer for sale such products that are not Plaintiff's or not produced under the authorization, control, or supervision of Plaintiff and approved by Plaintiff;

c. committing any acts calculated to cause consumers to believe that Defendants' inferior products are those sold under the authorization, control, or supervision of Plaintiff, or are sponsored by, approved by, or otherwise connected with Plaintiff or its Rotita Brand;

d. further infringing the Copyright Protected Images and damaging Plaintiff's Rotita Brand's reputation and goodwill;

e. otherwise competing unfairly with Plaintiff through the unauthorized use of the Copyright Protected Images in any manner;

f. shipping, delivering, holding for sale, transferring, or otherwise moving, storing, distributing, returning, or otherwise disposing of, in any manner, products or inventory sold or offered for sale through the unauthorized use of the Copyright Protected Images;

g. using, linking to, transferring, selling, exercising control over, or otherwise owning the Defendants' stores on Defendants' Online Stores or the Online Platform, or any other domain name or online marketplace account that is being used to sell or is the means by which Defendants could continue to sell knockoff Rotita Brand products through the unauthorized use of the Copyright Protected Images; and

h. operating and/or hosting websites at the Defendants' Internet stores and any other domain names registered or operated by Defendants that are involved with the distribution, marketing, advertising, offering for sale, or sale of any product through the unauthorized use of the Copyright Protected Images.

2. That Defendants, within fourteen (14) days after service of judgment with notice of entry thereof upon them, be required to file with the Court and serve upon Plaintiff a written report under oath setting forth in detail the manner and form in which Defendants have complied with paragraph 1 above;

3. Entry of an Order that, upon Plaintiff's request, those in privity with Defendants and those with notice of the injunction, including AliExpress, Walmart, Amazon, DHgate, eBay, Temu, and Wish, social media platforms such as Facebook, YouTube, LinkedIn, Twitter, Internet search engines such as Google, Bing and Yahoo, web hosts for the Defendants' Online Stores, and domain name registrars, shall:

a. disable and cease providing services for any accounts through which Defendants engage in the sale of knockoff Rotita Brand products by using, without authorization, the

Copyright Protected Images, including any accounts associated with the Defendants listed on Schedule "A";

b. disable and cease displaying any advertisements used by or associated with Defendants that display the Copyright Protected Images; and

c. take all necessary steps to prevent links to Defendants' Online Stores identified on Schedule "A" from displaying in search results, including, but not limited to, removing links to Defendants' domain names from any search index.

4. That Defendants account for and pay to Plaintiff all profits realized by them through the unauthorized use of the Copyright Protected Images.

5. In the alternative, that Plaintiff be awarded statutory damages of not less than \$750 and not more than \$30,000 for each and every infringement of the Copyright Protected Images pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 504(c), which should be enhanced to a sum of not more than \$150,000 by 17 U.S.C. § 504(c)(2) because of Defendants' willful copyright infringement.

6. That Defendants, to the extent not enjoined for violation of the Copyright Act, be temporarily, preliminarily, and permanently enjoined under Fla. Stat. § 501.201, et seq.

7. That Plaintiff be awarded attorneys' fees and costs damages as authorized by statute under Fla. Stat. § 501.201, et seq.

8. That Plaintiff be awarded its reasonable attorneys' fees and costs; and

9. Award any and all other relief that this Court deems just and proper.

**DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL**

Plaintiff also demands a trial by jury of all issues so triable pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 38.

DATED: May 2, 2025

Respectfully Submitted,

*/s/ Joshua H. Sheskin*

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*Attorneys for Plaintiff*

**EXHIBIT 1**  
**FILED**  
**UNDER SEAL**

CIVIL COVER SHEET

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON NEXT PAGE OF THIS FORM.) NOTICE: Attorneys MUST Indicate All Re-filed Cases Below.

I. (a) PLAINTIFFS

Hong Kong Leyuzhen Technology Co. Limited

DEFENDANTS

The Individuals, Corporations, Limited Liability Companies, Partnerships and Unincorporated Associations Identified in Schedule "A" Hereto

(b) County of Residence of First Listed Plaintiff (EXCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES)

County of Residence of First Listed Defendant (IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES ONLY)

NOTE: IN LAND CONDEMNATION CASES, USE THE LOCATION OF THE TRACT OF LAND INVOLVED.

(c) Attorneys (Firm Name, Address, and Telephone Number)

Joshua H. Sheskin (FL Bar No. 93028) BAYRAMOGLU LAW OFFICE LLC 11540 W. Warm Springs Road, Suite 100 Henderson, NV 89014; (704) 462-5973

Attorneys (If Known)

(d) Check County Where Action Arose: MIAMI-DADE MONROE BROWARD PALM BEACH MARTIN ST. LUCIE INDIAN RIVER OKEECHOBEE HIGHLANDS

II. BASIS OF JURISDICTION (Place an "X" in One Box Only)

- 1 U.S. Government Plaintiff
2 U.S. Government Defendant
3 Federal Question (U.S. Government Not a Party)
4 Diversity (Indicate Citizenship of Parties in Item III)

III. CITIZENSHIP OF PRINCIPAL PARTIES (Place an "X" in One Box for Plaintiff and One Box for Defendant)

- Citizen of This State
Citizen of Another State
Citizen or Subject of a Foreign Country
PTF DEF
1 1 Incorporated or Principal Place of Business In This State
2 2 Incorporated and Principal Place of Business In Another State
3 3 Foreign Nation
4 4
5 5
6 6

IV. NATURE OF SUIT (Place an "X" in One Box Only)

Grid of categories: CONTRACT, REAL PROPERTY, TORTS, CIVIL RIGHTS, PRISONER PETITIONS, FORFEITURE/PENALTY, LABOR, IMMIGRATION, BANKRUPTCY, SOCIAL SECURITY, FEDERAL TAX SUITS, OTHER STATUTES. Includes sub-sections like PERSONAL INJURY, PERSONAL PROPERTY, and INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS.

V. ORIGIN

(Place an "X" in One Box Only)

- 1 Original Proceeding
2 Removed from State Court
3 Re-filed (See VI below)
4 Reinstated or Reopened
5 Transferred from another district (specify)
6 Multidistrict Litigation Transfer
7 Appeal to District Judge from Magistrate Judgment
8 Multidistrict Litigation - Direct File
9 Reremanded from Appellate Court

VI. RELATED/ RE-FILED CASE(S)

(See instructions): a) Re-filed Case YES NO b) Related Cases YES NO

JUDGE:

DOCKET NUMBER:

VII. CAUSE OF ACTION 17 U.S.C. Section 501 - Copyright Infringement

Cite the U.S. Civil Statute under which you are filing and Write a Brief Statement of Cause (Do not cite jurisdictional statutes unless diversity):

LENGTH OF TRIAL via days estimated (for both sides to try entire case)

VIII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT:

CHECK IF THIS IS A CLASS ACTION UNDER F.R.C.P. 23

DEMAND \$

CHECK YES only if demanded in complaint:

JURY DEMAND: Yes No

ABOVE INFORMATION IS TRUE & CORRECT TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE

DATE SIGNATURE OF ATTORNEY OF RECORD

May 2, 2025

/s/ Joshua H. Sheskin

AO 440 (Rev. 06/12) Summons in a Civil Action

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

Southern District of Florida

HONG KONG LEYUZHEN TECHNOLOGY CO. LIMITED,

Plaintiff(s)

v.

THE INDIVIDUALS, CORPORATIONS, LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANIES, PARTNERSHIPS AND UNINCORPORATED ASSOCIATIONS IDENTIFIED IN SCHEDULE "A" HERETO.

Defendant(s)

Civil Action No.

SUMMONS IN A CIVIL ACTION

To: (Defendant's name and address) THE INDIVIDUALS, CORPORATIONS, LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANIES, PARTNERSHIPS AND UNINCORPORATED ASSOCIATIONS IDENTIFIED IN SCHEDULE "A" HERETO,

A lawsuit has been filed against you.

Within 21 days after service of this summons on you (not counting the day you received it) — or 60 days if you are the United States or a United States agency, or an officer or employee of the United States described in Fed. R. Civ. P. 12 (a)(2) or (3) — you must serve on the plaintiff an answer to the attached complaint or a motion under Rule 12 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. The answer or motion must be served on the plaintiff or plaintiff's attorney, whose name and address are:

Joshua H. Sheskin (FL Bar No. 93028)
Joshua@bayramoglu-legal.com
BAYRAMOGLU LAW OFFICES LLC
11540 W. Warm Springs Rd., Ste 100
Henderson, NV 89014
T: (702) 462-5973

If you fail to respond, judgment by default will be entered against you for the relief demanded in the complaint. You also must file your answer or motion with the court.

CLERK OF COURT

Date:

Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk

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Civil Action No. \_\_\_\_\_

**PROOF OF SERVICE**

*(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 4 (l))*

This summons for *(name of individual and title, if any)* \_\_\_\_\_  
was received by me on *(date)* \_\_\_\_\_ .

I personally served the summons on the individual at *(place)* \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_ on *(date)* \_\_\_\_\_ ; or

I left the summons at the individual's residence or usual place of abode with *(name)* \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_, a person of suitable age and discretion who resides there,  
on *(date)* \_\_\_\_\_ , and mailed a copy to the individual's last known address; or

I served the summons on *(name of individual)* \_\_\_\_\_ , who is  
designated by law to accept service of process on behalf of *(name of organization)* \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_ on *(date)* \_\_\_\_\_ ; or

I returned the summons unexecuted because \_\_\_\_\_ ; or

Other *(specify)*:

My fees are \$ \_\_\_\_\_ for travel and \$ \_\_\_\_\_ for services, for a total of \$ \_\_\_\_\_ 0.00 \_\_\_\_\_ .

I declare under penalty of perjury that this information is true.

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_  
*Server's signature*

\_\_\_\_\_  
*Printed name and title*

\_\_\_\_\_  
*Server's address*

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc: