

**IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF ILLINOIS
EASTERN DIVISION**

XYZ Corporation,

Plaintiff,

v.

THE INDIVIDUALS, CORPORATIONS,
LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANIES,
PARTNERSHIPS AND UNINCORPORATED
ASSOCIATIONS IDENTIFIED IN
SCHEDULE "A" HERETO,

Defendants.

Case No. 1:24-CV-02939-MFK-BWJ

**MOTION TO ENTER PRELIMINARY
INJUNCTION**

Honorable Matthew F. Kennelly

Magistrate Beth W. Jantz

Hearing: May 20, 2024 at 9:25am

PLAINTIFF'S MOTION TO ENTER PRELIMINARY INJUNCTION

Plaintiff hereby moves this Honorable Court for entry of a Preliminary Injunction. The scope of the Preliminary Injunction is substantially identical to the Temporary Renewed Restraining Order entered May 6, 2024. [Dkt. No. 17.] In support of this Motion, Plaintiff herewith submits a Memorandum of Law and a further Declaration of Shawn A. Mangano, Esq.

DATED: May 15, 2024

Respectfully submitted,

By: /s/ Shawn A. Mangano

Shawn A. Mangano (Bar No. 6299408)

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Attorneys for Plaintiff

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on the 15th day of May, 2024, I electronically filed the foregoing document with the clerk of the court for the U.S. District Court, Northern District of Illinois, Eastern Division, using the electronic case filing system. The electronic case filing system sent a “Notice of Electronic Filing” to the attorneys of record who have consented in writing to accept this Notice as service of this document by electronic means. Notice of this filing is provided to unrepresented parties for whom contact information has been provided via email and by posting the filing on a URL contained on our website <https://blointernetenforcement.com/>, and distributed to ecommerce platform, Amazon.

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Hearing: May 20, 2024 at 9:25am

**MEMORANDUM OF LAW IN SUPPORT OF PLAINTIFF’S MOTION FOR ENTRY
OF A PRELIMINARY INJUNCTION**

Plaintiff XYZ Corporation (“Plaintiff”) submits this Memorandum of Law in support of its Motion for Entry of a Preliminary Injunction (the “Motion”).

The Motion is supported by the pleadings and papers on file in this action, including the Renewed Motion for Temporary Restraining Order [Dkt. Nos. 16 through 16-8], the Declaration of Shawn A. Mangano, Esq. (the “Mangano Decl.”), together with the arguments set forth herein and any oral argument by counsel entertained by the Court at the hearing set on this matter.

I. INTRODUCTION

Plaintiff’s operative Complaint in this action is but one piece in a multi-action copyright enforcement campaign that seeks to dismantle a criminal network that operates through six (6) of the largest online retail platforms in existence and includes over 2,500 named Schedule “A” Defendants. (Mangano Decl. ¶ 5.) These named Schedule “A” Defendants are alleged to be engaged in the practice of copying Plaintiff’s copyright protected product images almost

instantaneously after they are first displayed on the company’s website and then associating these images with sale and promotion of unauthorized, counterfeit products of substandard quality, thereby deceiving consumers – including the citizens of the State of Illinois. (Mangano Decl. ¶ 5.) Moreover, given the nature of Plaintiff’s goods, such large-scale sales operations over multiple online retail platforms require considerable supply chain coordination that could not reasonably be accomplished independently by any of the named Defendants. (*Id.*)

The sophistication of Defendants’ online, counterfeit sales network is further demonstrated by the skill with which they identify Schedule “A” plaintiffs, their allegedly infringed products or brands, and then immediately disseminating this information throughout their network by posting on online websites such as “SellerDefense.cn.” (*Id.* ¶ 6.) The dissemination of this information then immediately results in the named Defendants siphoning off all illicit funds held in their online accounts. (*Id.*) This results in plaintiffs being deprived of any meaningful opportunity to redress the harm caused by Defendants’ infringing conduct by attacking their financial resources. (*Id.*)

As previously presented to this Court in connection with the company’s request for entry of a temporary restraining order¹ [Dkt. Nos. 7 through 7-8 and 16 through 16-8], Plaintiff has presented substantial evidence that Defendants have intentionally copied its copyright protected works. [*Id.*] This evidence includes a literal one-for-one copying of these protected works and their unauthorized display on Defendants’ online storefronts, which are offering substandard, counterfeit products for sale to United States citizens, including those residing in the State of Illinois. [*Id.*] Substantively, this evidence clearly demonstrates that Plaintiff has an extremely

¹ The original motion for temporary restraining order [Dkt. No. 7] and related supporting exhibits [Dkt. No. 7-1, etc.] were ordered to be refiled in Word format via Minute Order [Dkt. No. 17]. This resulted in submission of the renewed motion for temporary restraining order and supporting materials [Dkt. Nos. 16, 16-1, etc.].

high likelihood of success on the merits of its copyright infringement claim, as well as its associated claims for false designation of origin and violation of Illinois' deceptive trade practices act. [Dkt. No. 1.]

As also previously argued to this Court in support of its request for entry of a temporary restraining order [Dkt. Nos. 7 through 7-8], Plaintiff would unquestionably suffer irreparable harm absent entry of injunctive relief through the spoliation of essential evidence and Defendants absconding with significant ill-gotten gains derived from their intentional infringement of Plaintiff's federally secured copyright protected works. These facts still exist today and support entry of preliminary injunctive relief effective until full adjudication of this matter. (Mangano Decl. ¶ 7.) Accordingly, as argued herein, Plaintiff respectfully requests the Court further enjoin the Defendants through entry of a preliminary injunction.

II. STATEMENT OF FACTS

On May 6, 2024, this Court granted Plaintiff's Renewed *Ex Parte* Motion for Entry of a Temporary Restraining Order ("TRO"). [Dkt. No. 17.] The Court's Minute Order accompanying issuance of the TRO further directed Plaintiff to file any motions to extend the TRO or for entry of a preliminary injunction on or before May 15, 2024, [Dkt. No. 18.] Furthermore, a telephonic hearing on any such motion filed by Plaintiff is set for Monday, May 20, 2024 [*Id.*, subsequently modified by Dkt. No. 23].

Substantively, the TRO authorized and directed Plaintiff to provide notice of these proceedings and the preliminary injunction hearing to Defendants by electronically publishing a link to the Complaint, the TRO, and other relevant documents on a website, together with effectuating electronic service by email transmission to any addresses provided for Defendants by third party online platforms. [Dkt. No. 17 ¶ 7.] Plaintiff has complied with these requirements by

serving the designated online platform with a copy of the TRO and the related subpoena requesting information, including that required to effectuate electronic service, for the named Defendants. (Mangano Decl. ¶ 8.) On May 14, 2024, the designated online platform provided Plaintiff with the requested email addresses associated with Defendants' online accounts necessary to effectuate electronic service of process. (Mangano Decl. ¶ 9.) The same day, Plaintiff completed electronic service of process by e-mail on the named Schedule "A" Defendants as required by the TRO. (*Id.*)

Based on the foregoing procedural history, including having effectuated electronic service of process to the named Schedule "A" Defendants as required by the TRO, Plaintiff respectfully requests the Court convert the TRO to a preliminary injunction, thereby continuing the current restraints entered against Defendants until this matter is fully adjudicated. This requested relief includes the continued restraint of Defendants' online store accounts, and any funds held therein, until full resolution of Plaintiff's asserted claims for relief.

III. ARGUMENT

A. Extending the Relief Already Granted by the TRO Through Entry of a Preliminary Injunction is Warranted.

Plaintiff respectfully requests that this Court convert the TRO to a preliminary injunction to prevent further unlawful conduct by Defendants, to preserve its access to valuable evidence that would otherwise be destroyed, and to restrain funds derived from intentional, infringing actions that would otherwise be absconded by Defendants, thereby providing Plaintiff with no meaningful relief despite the unquestionable viability of its claims. (Mangano Decl. ¶¶ 5-7.) Courts in this judicial district addressing similar allegations of Internet-based intellectual property infringement and associated counterfeiting activity have issued preliminary injunctive relief after entering a temporary restraining order. *See, e.g., Alicia Vannoy Call v. The P'ships*, No. 23-cv-04043 (N.D. Ill. July 25, 2023) (unpublished).

i. This Court Has Already Found the Requirements for a Preliminary Injunction Have Been Satisfied.

The standards applicable to granting a temporary restraining order and those applicable to granting a preliminary injunction are virtually identical, thereby justifying extending a temporary restraining order to preliminary injunctive relief appropriate absent compelling intervening facts or circumstances. *See, e.g., Charter Nat'l Bank & Trust v. Charter One Fin., Inc.*, No. 1:01-cv-00905, 2001 WL 527404, at *1 (N.D. Ill. May 15, 2001) (citations omitted). A temporary restraining order or preliminary injunction may be issued upon a showing that: “(1) there is a reasonable likelihood that Plaintiff will succeed on the merits; (2) Plaintiff will suffer irreparable injury if the order is not granted because there is no adequate remedy at law; (3) the balance of hardships tips in Plaintiff’s favor; and (4) the public interest will not be disserved by the injunction.” *Columbia Pictures Indus., Inc. v. Jasso*, 927 F. Supp. 1075, 1076 (N.D. Ill. 1996). By virtue of this Court’s entry of the TRO, it has already found that the above requirements have been satisfied. The underlying circumstances justifying the Court’s entry of the TRO still exist and equally support entry of a preliminary injunction as requested by Plaintiff. (Mangano Decl. ¶¶ 5-7.)

ii. The Equitable Relief Granted Through Issuance of the TRO Remains Appropriate for the Requested Preliminary Injunction.

The Copyright Act authorizes courts to issue “grant temporary and final injunctions on such terms as it may deem reasonable to prevent or restrain infringement of a copyright.” 17 U.S.C. § 502(a).

As with the issued TRO, Plaintiff requests issuance of the preliminary injunction to prevent the Defendants from using, without authorization, the company’s copyright protected

images in connection with the manufacture, importation, distribution, offering for sale, and sale of counterfeit products. (Mangano Decl. ¶ 10.) Absent issuance of this requested preliminary injunctive relief, Defendants' intentional infringement of Plaintiff's federally secured rights will unquestionably continue. (Mangano Decl. ¶ 10.) As such, extension of this relief, which was originally granted through issuance of the TRO, should be further continued through issuance of the requested preliminary injunction until this case is fully adjudicated by the Court.

Plaintiff also requests conversion of the TRO to a preliminary injunction so that Defendants' online accounts, which contain essential illegal product sales information and ill-gotten funds derived from their intentional infringement of the company's copyright protected works that would otherwise be transferred to unknown locales, remain frozen until conclusion of this action. (*Id.* ¶ 11.) This same harm justified entry of the TRO and it continues to exist today, which clearly justifies entry of the requested preliminary injunction. (*Id.*) Simply put, absent extending the relief granted under the TRO to a preliminary injunction, Plaintiff would be irreparably harmed through Defendants' efforts to avoid enforcement of the company federally protected rights by this Court. (*Id.*)

B. The Current Bond is Sufficient to Protect Defendants' Interests.

The Court has previously required Plaintiff to post a bond in the sum of \$5,000.00 in connection with issuance of the TRO. [Dkt. No. 17.] The exact same circumstances supporting the Court's determination of this bond amount apply to Plaintiff's request for entry of a preliminary injunction. (Mangano Decl. ¶ 12.) Moreover, the Court is presented with facts and supporting evidence that clearly demonstrates Defendants have infringed Plaintiff's copyright protected works. (*Id.*) This blatant, intentional conduct demonstrates that Plaintiff has an exceptionally high likelihood of success on the merits of its asserted claims for relief. *See*

Columbia Pictures Indus., Inc., 927 F. Supp. at 1076. Such a strong showing militates against a subsequent finding that injunctive relief was improperly granted. Accordingly, Plaintiff respectfully requests the Court maintain the current bond amount required for issuance of the TRO for issuance of the preliminary injunction.

IV. CONCLUSION

For the foregoing reasons, Plaintiff respectfully requests the Court grant its request for entry of a preliminary injunction and maintain the current bond amount required under the TRO, together with issuing any other relief that it deems just and proper.

DATED: May 15, 2024

Respectfully submitted,

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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on the 15th day of May, 2024, I electronically filed the foregoing document with the clerk of the court for the U.S. District Court, Northern District of Illinois, Eastern Division, using the electronic case filing system. The electronic case filing system sent a “Notice of Electronic Filing” to the attorneys of record who have consented in writing to accept this Notice as service of this document by electronic means. Notice of this filing is provided to unrepresented parties for whom contact information has been provided via email and by posting the filing on a URL contained on our website <https://blointernetenforcement.com/>, and distributed to ecommerce platform, Amazon.

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Magistrate Beth W. Jantz

Hearing: May 20, 2024 at 9:25am

DECLARATION OF SHAWN A. MANGANO, ESQ.
IN SUPPORT OF PLAINTIFF'S MOTION FOR ENTRY OF A PRELIMINARY
INJUNCTION

I, Shawn A. Mangano, of the City of Las Vegas, in the State of Nevada, declare as follows:

1. Except as otherwise expressly stated to the contrary, this declaration is based upon my personal knowledge of the following facts and, if called as a witness, I could and would competently testify to the statements made herein.

2. I make this declaration in support of Plaintiff's Motion for Entry of a Preliminary Injunction (the "Motion").

3. I am an attorney at law, duly admitted to practice before the Courts of the State of Illinois and the United States District Court for the Northern District of Illinois. I am one of the attorneys for Plaintiff XYZ Corporation ("Plaintiff"). I make this declaration from my matters within my own personal knowledge unless stated otherwise.

4. Plaintiff's Motion for Temporary Restraining Order (the "TRO") was granted by the Court on May 6, 2024. [Dkt. No. 17.]

5. Plaintiff's operative Complaint in this action is but one piece in a multi-action copyright enforcement campaign that seeks to dismantle a criminal network that operates through six (6) of the largest online retail platforms in existence and includes over 2,500 named Schedule "A" Defendants. These named Schedule "A" Defendants are alleged to be engaged in the practice of copying Plaintiff's copyright protected product images almost instantaneously after they are first displayed on the company's website and then associating these images with sale and promotion of unauthorized, counterfeit products of substandard quality, thereby deceiving consumers – including the citizens of the State of Illinois. Moreover, given the nature of Plaintiff's goods, such large-scale sales operations over multiple online retail platforms require considerable supply chain coordination that could not reasonably be accomplished independently by any of the named Defendants.

6. The sophistication of Defendants' online, counterfeit sales network is further demonstrated by the skill with which they identify Schedule "A" plaintiffs, their allegedly infringed products or brands, and then immediately disseminating this information throughout their network by posting on online websites such as "SellerDefense.cn." The dissemination of this information then immediately results in the named Defendants siphoning off all illicit funds held in their online accounts. (*Id.*) This results in plaintiffs being deprived of any meaningful opportunity to redress the harm caused by Defendants' infringing conduct by attacking their financial resources.

7. As also previously argued to this Court in support of its request for entry of a temporary restraining order, Plaintiff would unquestionably suffer irreparable harm absent entry

of injunctive relief through the spoliation of essential evidence and Defendants absconding with significant ill-gotten gains derived from their intentional infringement of Plaintiff's federally secured copyright protected works. These facts still exist today and support entry of preliminary injunctive relief effective until full adjudication of this matter.

8. Substantively, the TRO authorized and directed Plaintiff to provide notice of these proceedings and the preliminary injunction hearing to Defendants by electronically publishing a link to the Complaint, the TRO, and other relevant documents on a website, together with effectuating electronic service by email transmission to any addresses provided for Defendants by third party online platforms. [Dkt. No. 17 ¶ 7.] Plaintiff has complied with these requirements by serving the designated online platform with a copy of the TRO and the related subpoena requesting information, including that required to effectuate electronic service, for the named Defendants.

9. On May 14, 2024, the designated online platform provided Plaintiff with the requested email addresses associated with Defendants' online accounts necessary to effectuate electronic service of process. The same day, Plaintiff completed electronic service of process by e-mail on the named Schedule "A" Defendants as required by the TRO.

10. As with the issued TRO, Plaintiff requests issuance of the preliminary injunction to prevent the Defendants from using, without authorization, the company's copyright protected images in connection with the manufacture, importation, distribution, offering for sale, and sale of counterfeit products. Absent issuance of this requested preliminary injunctive relief, Defendants' intentional infringement of Plaintiff's federally secured rights will unquestionably continue.

11. Plaintiff also requests conversion of the TRO to a preliminary injunction so that Defendants' online accounts, which contain essential illegal product sales information and ill-gotten funds derived from their intentional infringement of the company's copyright protected

works that would otherwise be transferred to unknown locales, remain frozen until conclusion of this action. This same harm justified entry of the TRO and it continues to exist today, which clearly justifies entry of the requested preliminary injunction. Simply put, absent extending the relief granted under the TRO to a preliminary injunction, Plaintiff would be irreparably harmed through Defendants' efforts to avoid enforcement of the company federally protected rights by this Court.

12. The Court has previously required Plaintiff to post a bond in the sum of \$5,000.00 in connection with issuance of the TRO. [Dkt. No. 17.] The exact same circumstances supporting the Court's determination of this bond amount apply to Plaintiff's request for entry of a preliminary injunction. Moreover, the Court is presented with facts and supporting evidence that clearly demonstrates Defendants have infringed Plaintiff's copyright protected works.

13. In *Volkswagen AG, et al. v. hkseller*2011, et al.*, No. 18-cv-07621 (N.D. Ill. May 6, 2019), the Court found that the defendants deliberately evaded asset restraint. Despite assurances, defendants depleted their PayPal account before a hearing. When the restraint was reinstated, they swiftly withdrew \$20,000. With their counsel withdrawing and no response to plaintiffs' motion for summary judgment, a \$200,000 judgment was entered, which remains unpaid beyond the restrained funds.

14. In *PopSockets LLC v. Xuebo50, et al.*, No. 17-cv-06101 (N.D. Ill. Oct. 12, 2017), a defendant's PayPal account, initially holding \$1,611,921, was restrained. The account was released under the condition that several hundred thousand dollars, earmarked for potential consumer chargebacks, couldn't be withdrawn. However, due to a misunderstanding with PayPal, the defendant reduced the balance to \$36,469 upon receiving notice of the lawsuit. The defendant didn't appear in the case, resulting in a default judgment entered against them.

15. For these reasons, in the absence of issuance of the requested preliminary injunction, Defendants would likely move any assets from accounts in financial institutions subject to this Court's jurisdiction to offshore accounts outside of this Court's jurisdiction.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States of America the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed on May 15, 2024, in Las Vegas, Nevada.

By: /s/ Shawn A. Mangano
SHAWN A. MANGANO, ESQ.

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on the 15th day of May, 2024, I electronically filed the foregoing document with the clerk of the court for the U.S. District Court, Northern District of Illinois, Eastern Division, using the electronic case filing system. The electronic case filing system sent a “Notice of Electronic Filing” to the attorneys of record who have consented in writing to accept this Notice as service of this document by electronic means. Notice of this filing is provided to unrepresented parties for whom contact information has been provided via email and by posting the filing on a URL contained on our website <https://blointernetenforcement.com/>, and distributed to ecommerce platform, Amazon.

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